



BKHD-1170NP-15-4L Motherboard

VER 1.0

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Safety Guide

To ensure optimal use of Beikong products, please review the user manual in its entirety. Before reviewing product-specific information, we kindly request that you carefully read the safety instructions.

Product Version Identification

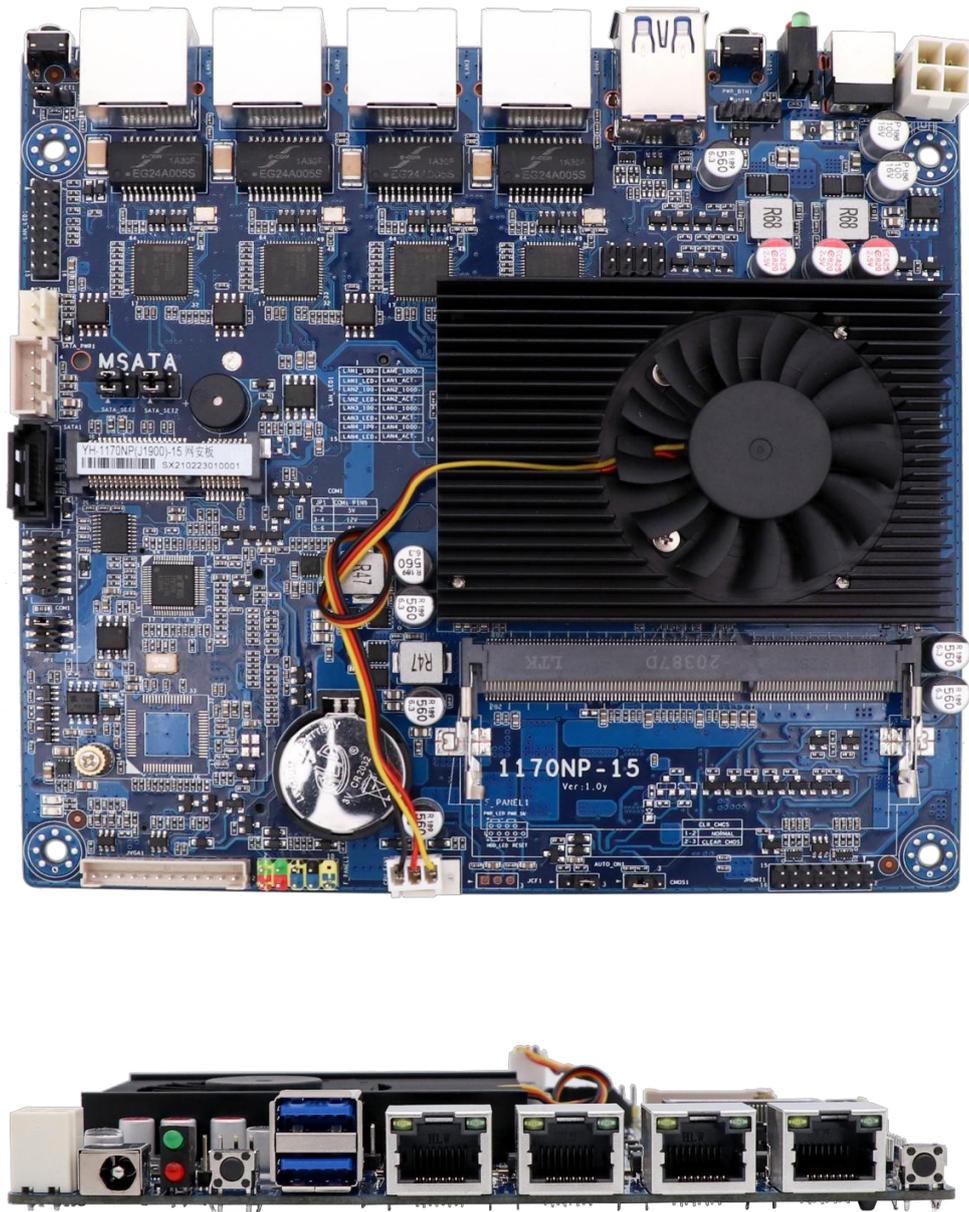
The product version number can be found on the motherboard, where X.X represents a number. For example, if the version is indicated as [VER1.0], it signifies that the current version of the motherboard is 1.0. The BIOS interface homepage provides information such as [XXXXNP-XXXX], which denotes the BIOS version number utilized by the current product. When updating the motherboard's BIOS, driver, or referencing other technical documents, please refer to the product version label for the most up-to-date information.

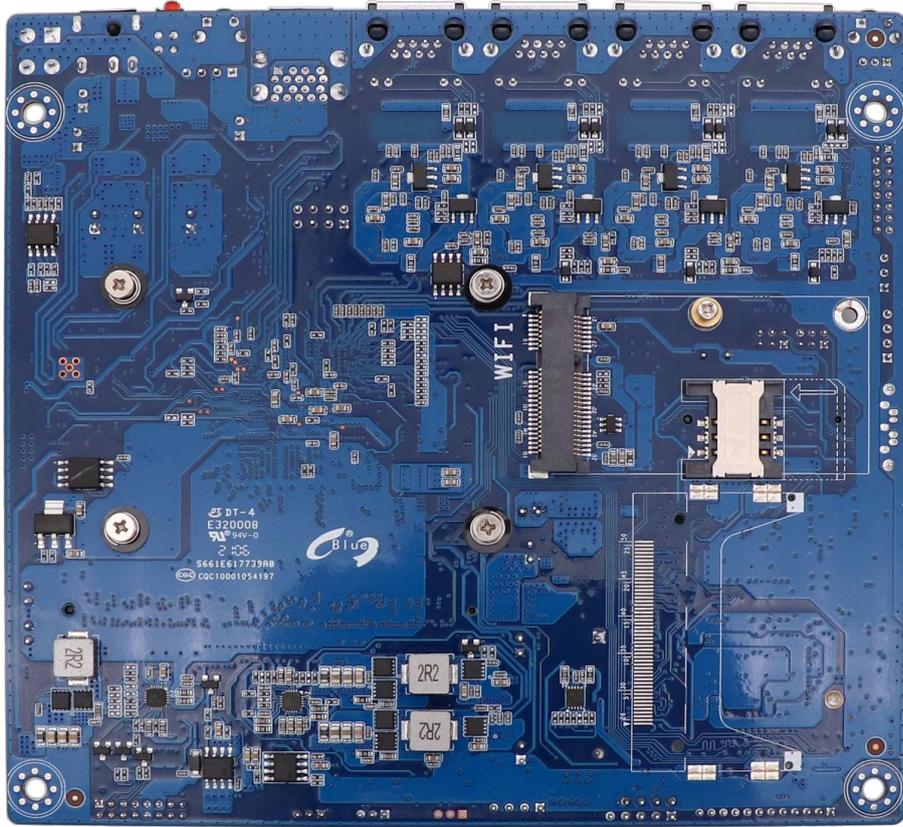
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Product Images

Please be advised that products manufactured in different batches may exhibit slight variations in appearance. To ensure the most accurate representation, please refer to the actual received goods.





Product Profile

1170NP-15-4L is a compact embedded networking motherboard based on the Intel Bay Trail platform. It integrates 4x Gigabit Ethernet ports, supports SATA and mSATA storage interfaces, and is designed for wide-temperature operation. Offering an excellent balance of performance, power efficiency, and cost, it is well suited for lightweight networking devices and industrial control systems. With proven stability and industrial-grade reliability, the 1170NP-15-4L is a trusted choice for network communications, industrial automation, and IoT edge nodes deployed in harsh environments.

Main features:

High-Density and Reliable Network Connectivity: The board integrates four Intel 82574L Gigabit Ethernet controllers, delivering stable and reliable wired networking. It is ideal for multi-LAN segmentation, internal/external network isolation, small routers, and network control applications, supporting multi-device access, traffic separation, and basic gateway functions.

Essential Expansion and Industrial I/O Support: An onboard mPCIe slot enables expansion with wireless communication modules, while a reserved SIM card slot simplifies future cellular connectivity upgrades. Integrated GPIO and COM headers, along with multiple fan connectors, provide essential interfaces for industrial control and peripheral integration.

Flexible Storage Configuration: Support for both SATA and mSATA interfaces allows flexible system and data storage configurations, making the platform suitable for embedded Linux and lightweight networking systems.

Low-Power Processing Platform: Powered by an Intel Bay Trail processor and supporting DDR3L SO-DIMM memory up to 8GB, the platform features low power consumption and minimal heat generation, making it well suited for 24/7 continuous operation in embedded environments.

Industrial-Grade Wide-Temperature Reliability: Designed for wide-temperature operation, the system ensures stable performance in harsh industrial and outdoor environments. It supports both standard DC 12V input and ATX 4-pin 12V power, offering flexible deployment options across different chassis and power configurations while simplifying system integration.

Motherboard Specifications

Processor	Product Collection	Products formerly Bay Trail
	Sockets Supported	FCBGA1170
Memory specifications	Memory Type	DDR3L SO-DIMM (1.35V Low Voltage)
	Maximum Capacity	8GB
	Maximum Frequency	1333 MHz
Storage specifications	SATA	1*SATA 2.0 (3Gb/s)
	mSATA	1*mSATA
Network features	Ethernet	4*1GbE
	Controller	4*Intel 82574L
Extension interface	mPCIe	1*mPCIe (USB 2.0 Signal) (On the back of the motherboard)
Display functions	Pins	1*VGA/1*HD
	Chip	Intel HD Graphics
Backplane I/O	USB	2*USB-A 3.0
	Ethernet	4*RJ45
	Button	1*Restart Button, 1*Power Button
	Power supply	1*Jack DC 5.5/2.5mm
Onboard I/O	SATA	1*SATA Data connector/1*SATA Power socket
	SIM	1*SIM Card slot (On the back of the motherboard)
	Fan	1*CPU fan power socket, 1*System fan power socket
		1*F_PANEL
		1*J_COM
	Pins	1*LAN_LED
		1*F_USB 2.0
	1*J_GPIO	
Power supply mode	DC	Jack DC 12V or ATX 4-Pin 12V
Motherboard size	Specification	140*150 (mm)
Work Environment	Temperature	-20~55°C
	Humidity	5%~90% (Relative humidity, no condensation)

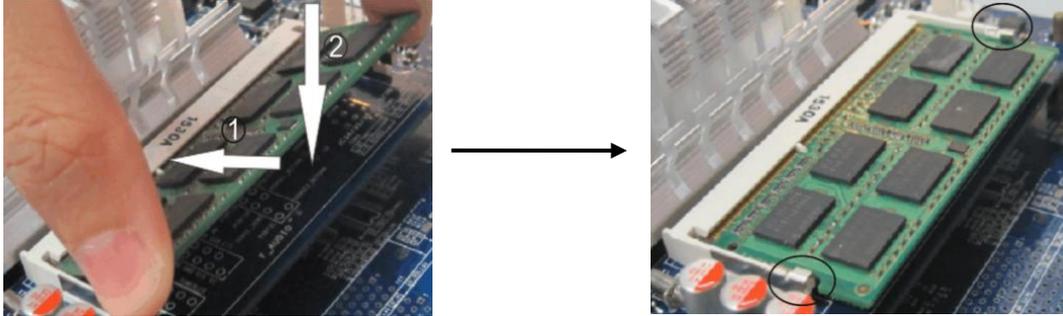
Motherboard Installation

Safety Note

- Please do not remove the serial number and agent warranty sticker from the motherboard prior to installation. Doing so may affect the product's warranty recognition standard.
- Prior to installing or removing the motherboard or other hardware devices, please ensure that the power is turned off and the power cord is unplugged from the socket.
- When installing additional hardware devices on the motherboard interfaces, please ensure that the connectors and sockets are securely fastened.
- When handling the motherboard, please avoid contact with the metal wiring components to prevent the risk of short circuits.
- It is recommended that an anti-static wrist strap be worn when handling the motherboard, central processing unit (CPU), or memory. In the absence of an anti-static wrist strap, it is advisable to ensure that your hands are dry and to touch a metal object first in order to eliminate static electricity.
- Before installing the motherboard, we kindly request that place it on an antistatic mat or in an antistatic bag.
- Make sure the power adapter is turned off before unplugging the motherboard power connector.
- Before turning on the power, make sure the voltage of the adapter is within the standard voltage range.
- Before turning on the power, make sure all hardware device cables and power cords are properly connected.
- Do not allow the fixing screws to collide with the circuits or parts on the motherboard to avoid damage or malfunction of the motherboard.
- Make sure there are no loose screws or metal parts on the motherboard or inside the computer case before using the unit.
- Please secure the computer host in a stable location before starting the device.
- To prevent system failure, do not place the unit in an environment where the temperature is excessive.
- Turning on the power before installation is complete may damage the motherboard, other equipment, or yourself.
- If you are unfamiliar with how to perform the installation, or if you have any technical problems using this product, please contact a professional technician.

Memory Installation

The motherboard provides DDR3L SODIMM memory slot.



Before installing memory:

1. Please confirm that the memory you purchased is compatible with the specifications supported by this motherboard.
2. Before installing or removing the memory, please make sure that the power of the computer is turned off to avoid damage.
3. The memory design has a foolproof mark. If you insert the memory in the wrong direction, the memory cannot be installed. Please change the direction.

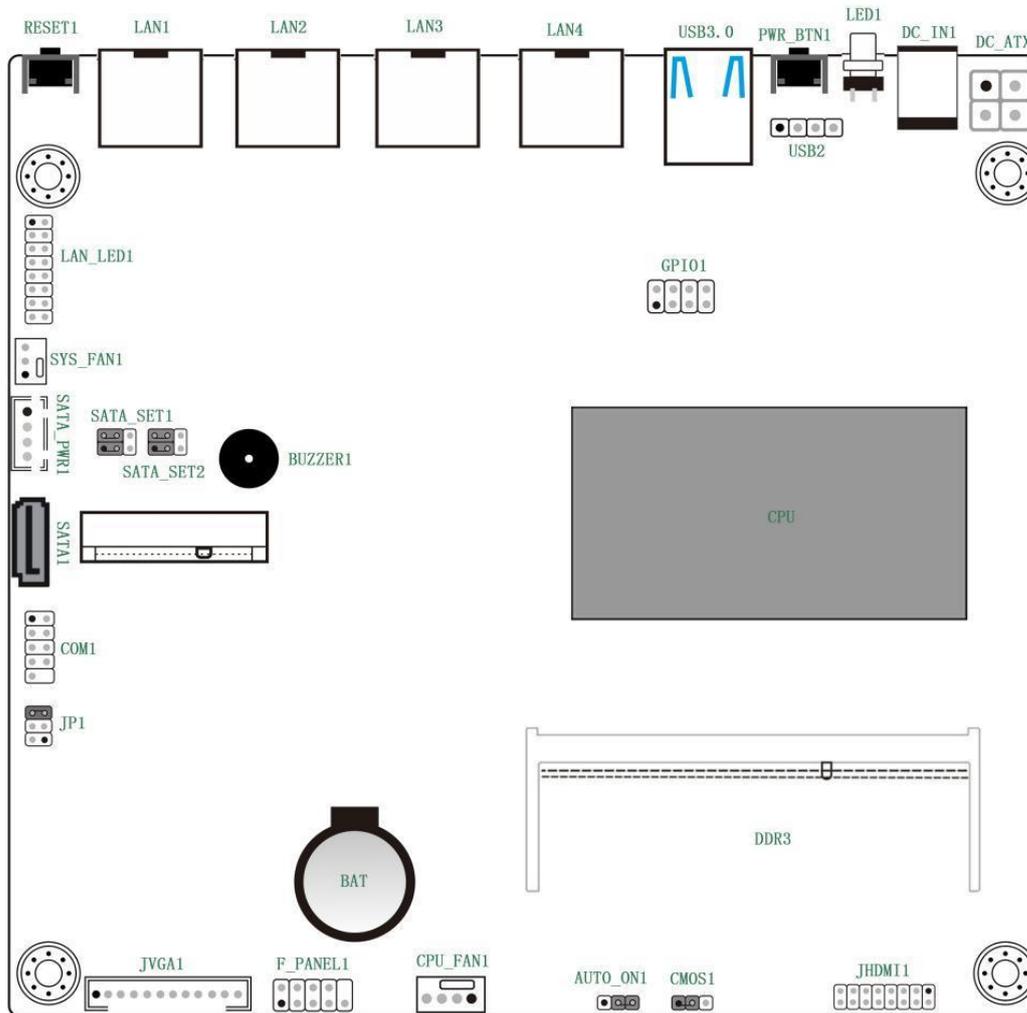
When installing memory:

1. Before installing or removing memory, please turn off the power and unplug the power cord.
2. Carefully hold the two ends of the Memory Stick and do not touch the metal contacts on the Memory Stick.
3. Align the metal contacts of the memory with the memory slot, making sure that the concave hole is aligned with the convex point of the upper slot.
4. Insert the memory into the slot at an angle of 30 degrees, then press the Memory Stick down until you hear a "click," indicating that the memory has been successfully installed and is ready to use. (Note: Do not press the Memory Stick too hard to avoid damaging the memory).
5. To remove the Memory Stick, push out the tabs at both ends of the memory slot simultaneously, and then remove the Memory Stick.

To remove the memory:

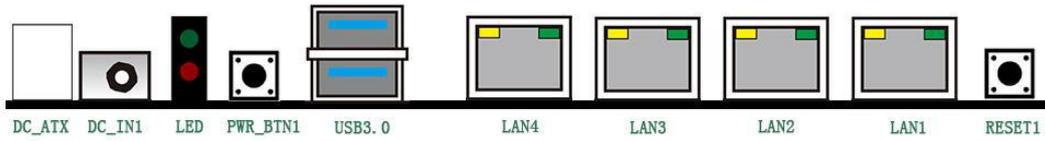
Use two fingers to push the latches at either end of the slot outward, the memory will pop up, then remove the memory.

Motherboard Interface & Pin Description



Item	Describe
USB_2	Can be used to expand USB2.0 ports
LAN_LED 1	LAN indicator pins
GPIO 1	GPIO pins
SYS_FAN 1	For Chassis fan power supply
SATA_PWR	SATA HDD/SSD power socket
SATA	SATA HDD/SSD data connectors

SATA_SEL 1/2	SATA Setting Jumper
BUZZER 1	The buzzer on the mainboard prompts different system status
COM 1	Pins used to expand COM ports
JP1	Jumper cap used to switch COM power supply
BTA	CMOS Battery
DDR3	DDR3 SODIMM Memory slots
VGA	Can be used to expand VGA ports
F_PANEL	Motherboard function pin, used to connect chassis button
CPU_FAN	For CPU fan power supply
AUTO_ON	Jump cap to enable or disable Auto Power-On
CMOS 1	Clear the CMOS jumper and set the BIOS to factory settings.
JHDMI	Can be used to expand HDMI ports



Item	Describe
DC_ATX	ATX 4-Pin 12V Power Socket
DC_IN 1	Power adapter for connecting Jack DC 5.5/2.5mm 12V
LED	LED indicator: Green light for power, Red light for hard disk
PWR_BTN	Button to turn the device ON or OFF
USB 3	Double-layer USB-Type-A 3.0 port
RESET	Reset Button
DC_IN	Power adapter for connecting Jack DC 5.5/2.5mm 12V
LED	LED indicator: Green light for power, Red light for hard disk
LAN	RJ45 Ethernet port for LAN/WAN Link LED: Green and solid, indicating the network is connected Active LED: Orange flashing, indicating data transmission
RESET	Reset Button

Jumper Setting

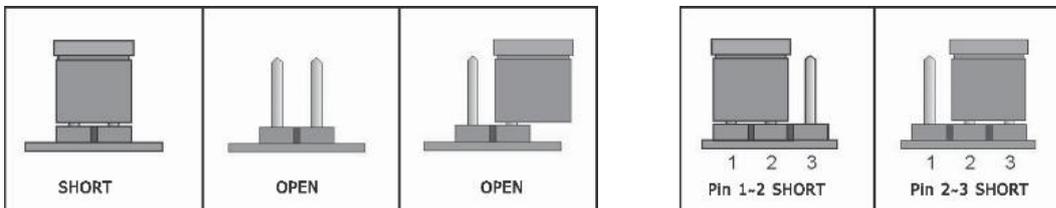
Before installing the hardware device, you can set the corresponding jumpers according to your needs based on the following table.

To identify the first pin of a jumper or connector

Look at the marking next to the jumper or connector. The triangle symbol "▲" or "1" or a bold line indicates the first pin; check the pad on the back of the motherboard. The square pad is the first pin. When connecting the connector to the device, be careful to distinguish the first pin. Mixing the pins will damage the motherboard.

2-pin headers: Insert a jumper cap into both pins turns them off (short).

3-pin headers: Insert a jumper cap into pins 1-2 or pins 2-3 to off (short) them.



CMOS Content Clear Setting (JCMOS)

Image	Status	Setting
	1-2	Normal (Default)
	2-3	Restore BIOS to default settings

Before clearing the CMOS, please turn off the device and disconnect the power to avoid damaging the motherboard.

Power-on Jumper (Auto_PWR ON)

Image	Status	Setting
	1-2	Automatic power on (Default)
	2-3	Normal

Motherboard Pin Definition

SATA Data

The motherboard provides SATA data socket (1*7-pin)

Image	PIN	Definition	PIN	Definition
	1	GND	2	SATA_TXP
	3	SATA_TXN	4	GND
	5	SATA_RXN	6	SATA_RXP
	7	GND		-

SATA PWR

The motherboard provides SATA power socket (1*4-pin, 2.54 mm pitch)

Image	PIN	Definition
	1	+12V
	2	GND
	3	GND
	4	+5V

Tip: The 1st pin of the SATA_PWR hard disk power supply interface is +12V output, and the 4th pin is +5V output.

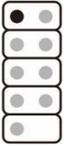
SATA Setting Jumpers (SATA_SET 1/SATA_SET2)

The motherboard provides SATA data socket (1*7-pin)

Image	PIN	Definition
	1	SATA_TXP1_CN
	2	SATA_TXN1_CN
	3	SATA_TXP1
	4	SATA_TXN1
	5	SATA_TXP1_JM
	6	SATA_TXN1_JM

Serial Port (COM)

The motherboard provides COM pins (2*5-pin, 2.00 mm pitch, 10th pin is empty)

Image	PIN	Definition	PIN	Definition
	1	DCD#	2	RXD
	3	TXD	4	DTR#
	5	GND	6	DSR#
	7	RTS#	8	CTS#
	9	RI#		

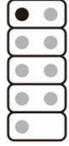
JP1 Settings

The JP1 jumper cap is used to configure COM power settings (2*3-pin, 2.00 mm pitch)

Image	Status	Definition
	1-2	+5V
	3-4	+12V
	5-6	Default

Front panel pin: F_PANEL

The motherboard provides F_PANEL pins (2*5-pin, 2.54mm pitch, 10th pin is empty)

Image	PIN	Definition	PIN	Definition
	1	HDD_LED+	2	PWR_LED+
	3	HDD_LED-	4	PWR_LED-
	5	GND	6	GND
	7	RESET	8	PWR_ON
	9	GND		

USB Expansion pin: F_USB

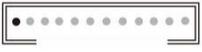
The motherboard provides F_USB pins (1*4-pin, 2.00 mm pitch)

Before connecting the USB expansion board, be sure to turn off the computer and unplug the power cord from the socket to avoid damaging the USB expansion board.

Image	PIN	Definition
	1	+5V
	2	USB_DN3_CN
	3	USB_DP3_CN
	4	GND

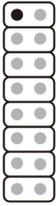
VGA Expansion pin (VGA_H)

The motherboard provides VGA_H pins (1*12-pin, 2.00mm pitch)

Image	PIN	Definition	PIN	Definition
	1	GND	2	VSync
	3	HSync	4	GND
	5	Red	6	GND
	7	Green	8	GND
	9	Blue	10	GND
	11	DCC_Data	12	DCC_Clk

HDMI Expansion pin (JHDMI)

The motherboard provides JHDMI pins (2*8-pin, 2.00mm pitch)

Image	PIN	Definition	PIN	Definition
	1	TMDS_TX2P	2	DCC_Clk
	3	TMDS_TX2N	4	DCC_Data
	5	TMDS_TX1P	6	N/A
	7	TMDS_TX1N	8	HPD_HDMI
	9	TMDS_TX0P	10	+5V
	11	TMDS_TX0N	12	GND
	13	TMDS_TXCP	14	GND
	15	TMDS_TXCN	16	GND

Network Indicator Light (LAN_LED)

The motherboard provides LAN_LED pins (2*8-pin, 2.00mm pitch)

Image	PIN	Definition	PIN	Definition
	1	LAN1_100-	2	LAN1_1000-
	3	LAN1_LED+	4	LAN1_ACT-
	5	LAN2_100-	6	LAN2_1000-
	7	LAN2_LED+	8	LAN2_ACT-
	9	LAN3_100-	10	LAN3_1000-
	11	LAN3_LED+	12	LAN3_ACT-
	13	LAN4_100-	14	LAN4_1000-
	15	LAN4_LED+	16	LAN4_ACT-

Processor cooling fan power socket: CPU_FAN

The motherboard provides Cooling fan power socket (1*4-pin)

Image	PIN	Definition
	1	Ground
	2	+12V
	3	FAN_TACH
	4	FAN_PWM

System cooling fan power socket: SYS_FAN

The motherboard provides Cooling fan power socket (1*3-pin)

Image	PIN	Definition
	1	Ground
	2	+12V
	3	FAN_TACH

SIM card slot (SIMB)

The motherboard provides SIM card slot (on the back) for installing an LTE SIM card.



Note: When inserting the SIM card, make sure the chip is facing downwards (the chip faces the motherboard).

J_GPIO (Programmable input and output port)

The motherboard provides GPIO pins (2*4-pin, 2.54 mm pitch)

Image	PIN	Definition	PIN	Definition
	1	+5V	2	+3.3V
	3	+12V	4	GND
	5	SIO_GP22	6	SIO_GP23
	7	SIO_GP36	8	SIO_GP65

ATX Power Connector (DC power supply)

Before plugging the power supply into the power outlet, make sure the power supply is turned off and all devices are properly installed. The power outlet has a foolproof design; ensure the correct orientation before plugging it in.

(Do not use it and the panel's DC IN connector to power the motherboard at the same time.)

Image	PIN	Definition
	1	Ground
	2	Ground
	3	+12V
	4	+12V

BIOS User Guide

BIOS Description

This motherboard uses AMI BIOS. BIOS stands for (Basic Input Output System). It is a set of programs stored on a ROM (Read Only Memory) chip on the computer's motherboard. It stores the computer's most important basic I/O programs, the power-on self-test program, and the system startup program. It can read and write specific information about system settings from the CMOS. Its primary function is to provide the most basic and immediate hardware settings and control for the computer.

When you turn on your computer, the BIOS is the first program to run. It has the following main functions:

- The Power-On Self-Test (POST) checks whether the computer is functioning properly.
- It initializes and tests some external devices and loads your operating system.
- It provides the lowest-level, most basic control of your computer hardware.
- You manage your computer through the SETUP function in the BIOS.

The BIOS data is stored in a CMOS/RAM chip on the motherboard, maintained by a 3.3V button battery. It contains important system information and the BIOS Setup program for setting system parameters. When the system is operating normally, the BIOS does not need to be modified. However, if the CMOS data is lost due to other reasons, the BIOS must be reset.

Note:

Incorrect BIOS settings can directly damage the computer hardware and even burn out the motherboard. Those unfamiliar with the system are advised to modify the settings with caution. Because the motherboard BIOS is constantly being updated, the BIOS information in this manual is for reference only. We cannot guarantee that the BIOS information in this manual will be consistent with the actual BIOS information on the motherboard.

BIOS Settings

When the motherboard is powered on or the system is restarted, the following prompt will appear on the display screen in the Post interface. Press "DEL" on the keyboard to enter BIOS Setup.



If this message disappears before you respond, you can press <Ctrl> + <Alt> + at the same time to restart the computer, or shut down and then restart the computer, or press the power button on the case to restart the computer.

Keyboard keys	Functional Description
← / →	Move the Left and Right arrows to select the screen.
↑ / ↓	Move the Up and Down arrows to select the item.
+ / -	Increase/Decrease value or Change selection
<Enter>	Select, Confirm this option or Enter the submenu
<ESC>	Return to Main page, or End the setup process from Main page
<F1>	Show related Help instructions
<F2>	Restore previous settings
<F9>	Load the optimized settings (BIOS defaults)
<F10>	Save the changed settings and reboot

Common fault analysis and solutions

We have compiled some frequently asked questions for your reference. Please check <https://bkminipc.com/frequently-asked-questions-and-answers/>

Error	Inspection Method
Unable to start after power on	<p>Make sure the power cord is properly connected.</p> <p>Make sure that the power supply you are using meets the power supply requirements of the motherboard.</p> <p>Try to reinsert the Memory Stick.</p> <p>Try to replace the Memory Stick.</p> <p>Try to clear the CMOS of the main board.</p> <p>Please confirm if there is an external expansion card and if it is normal after removing the external card.</p>
Unable to display after power on	<p>Make sure the monitor is turned on.</p> <p>Make sure the monitor and host power cables are properly connected.</p> <p>Make sure the monitor and host cables are properly connected.</p> <p>Check to see if the monitor is in "Sleep" mode.</p> <p>Try changing the monitor interface or replacing the monitor.</p>
BIOS Setup cannot be saved	<p>Check that the CMOS battery is installed</p> <p>Try to replace the CMOS battery (CR2032)</p> <p>Adjust the time and date in BIOS setup</p>
Unable to find a bootable device	<p>Make sure the drive's power and data cables are properly connected.</p> <p>Make sure the operating system is installed on the drive.</p> <p>Make sure the hard drive is not physically damaged.</p>
Blue screen or freeze when logging on to the system	<p>Check if the Memory Stick and External Card are loose.</p> <p>Try removing the newly installed hardware and uninstalling the newly installed driver or software.</p> <p>Try replacing the memory with a different specification.</p>
Slow entry into the operating system	<p>Check if the CPU cooling fan is running normally.</p> <p>Check if the remaining space of the system partition is insufficient.</p> <p>Use software to check for bad sectors on the hard drive.</p>
System restarts automatically	<p>Confirm that the CPU cooling fan is rotating normally.</p> <p>Confirm that the switch/reset button has not been accidentally touched.</p> <p>Confirm that the Memory Stick and external card are loose.</p> <p>Confirm that the power supply has sufficient load capacity, try to replace the power supply</p> <p>Check if the system is infected with viruses.</p>
Unable to detect USB device	<p>Confirm that the USB device requires separate power.</p> <p>Confirm that the USB interface has poor contact.</p> <p>Confirm that the USB controller is enabled in the BIOS setup.</p>

Useful Links

Submit your suggestions and ideas in the community	https://www.reddit.com/r/bkminipc/	
Watch our new product demos	https://www.youtube.com/@BKHD-PCs	
Corporate News and Cooperation	https://www.linkedin.com/company/beikong/	
Get our latest news on Meta	https://www.facebook.com/people/%E5%80%8D%E6%8E%A7/61558406109357/	